

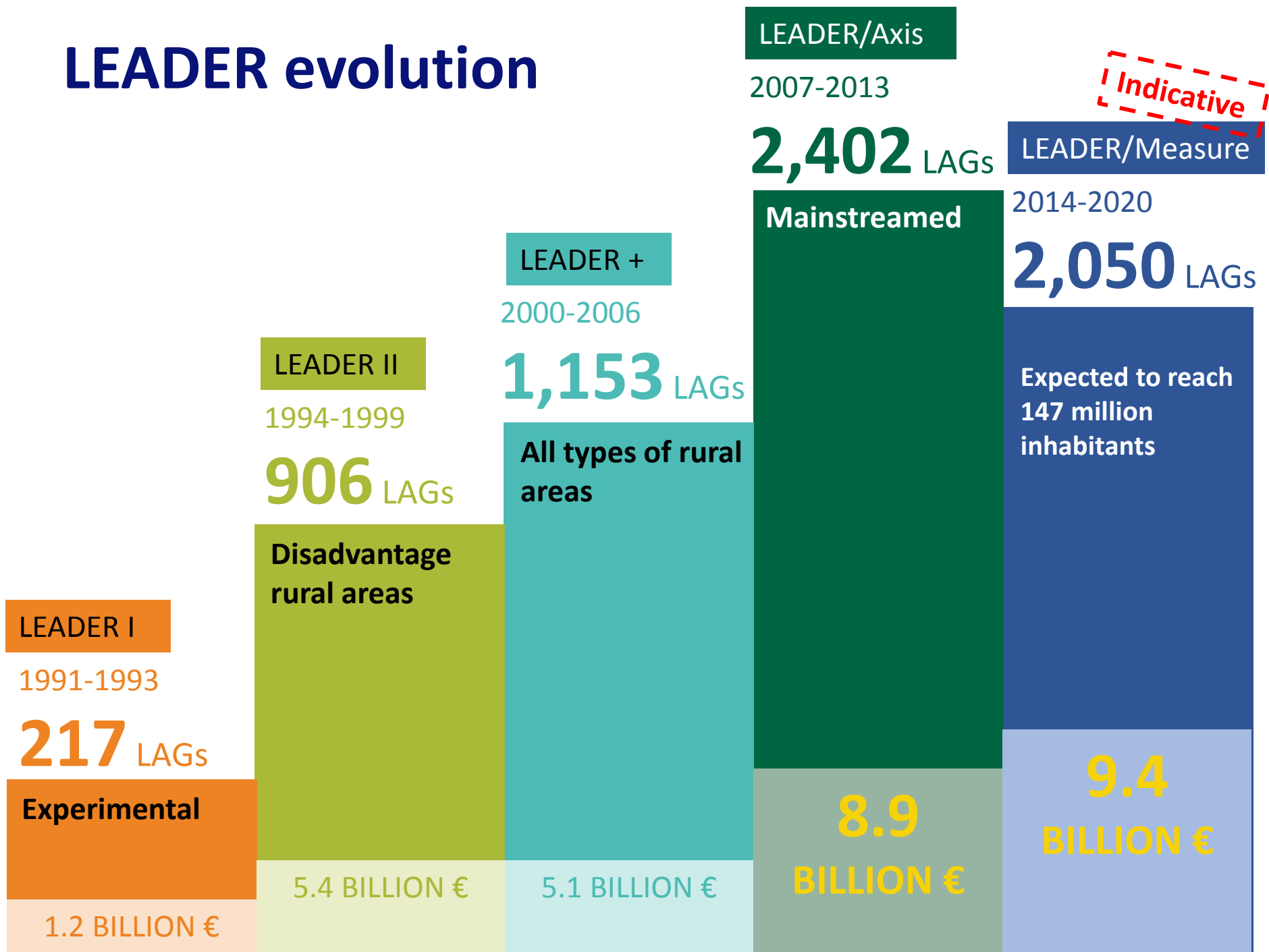
# CLLD planning in 2014-2020 & LEADER Cooperation

Elena Maccioni, ENRD CP  
Heraklion, 30 June 2015



#LeaderCLLD

# LEADER evolution



Indicative

LEADER/Axis

2007-2013

2,402 LAGs

LEADER/Measure

2014-2020

2,050 LAGs

Mainstreamed

LEADER +

2000-2006

1,153 LAGs

LEADER II

1994-1999

906 LAGs

Disadvantage rural areas

LEADER I

1991-1993

217 LAGs

Experimental

1.2 BILLION €

5.4 BILLION €

5.1 BILLION €

8.9 BILLION €

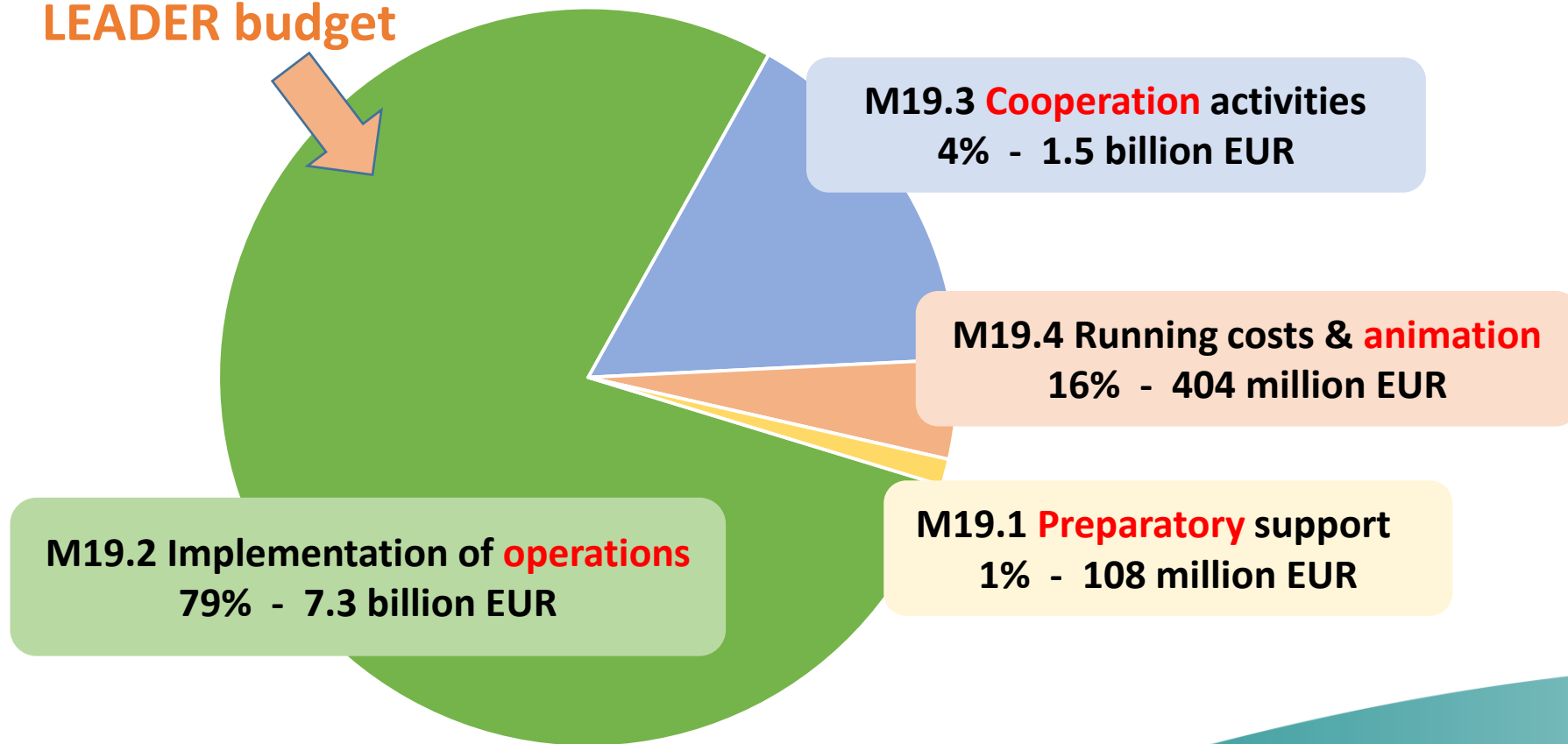
9.4 BILLION €

Expected to reach 147 million inhabitants

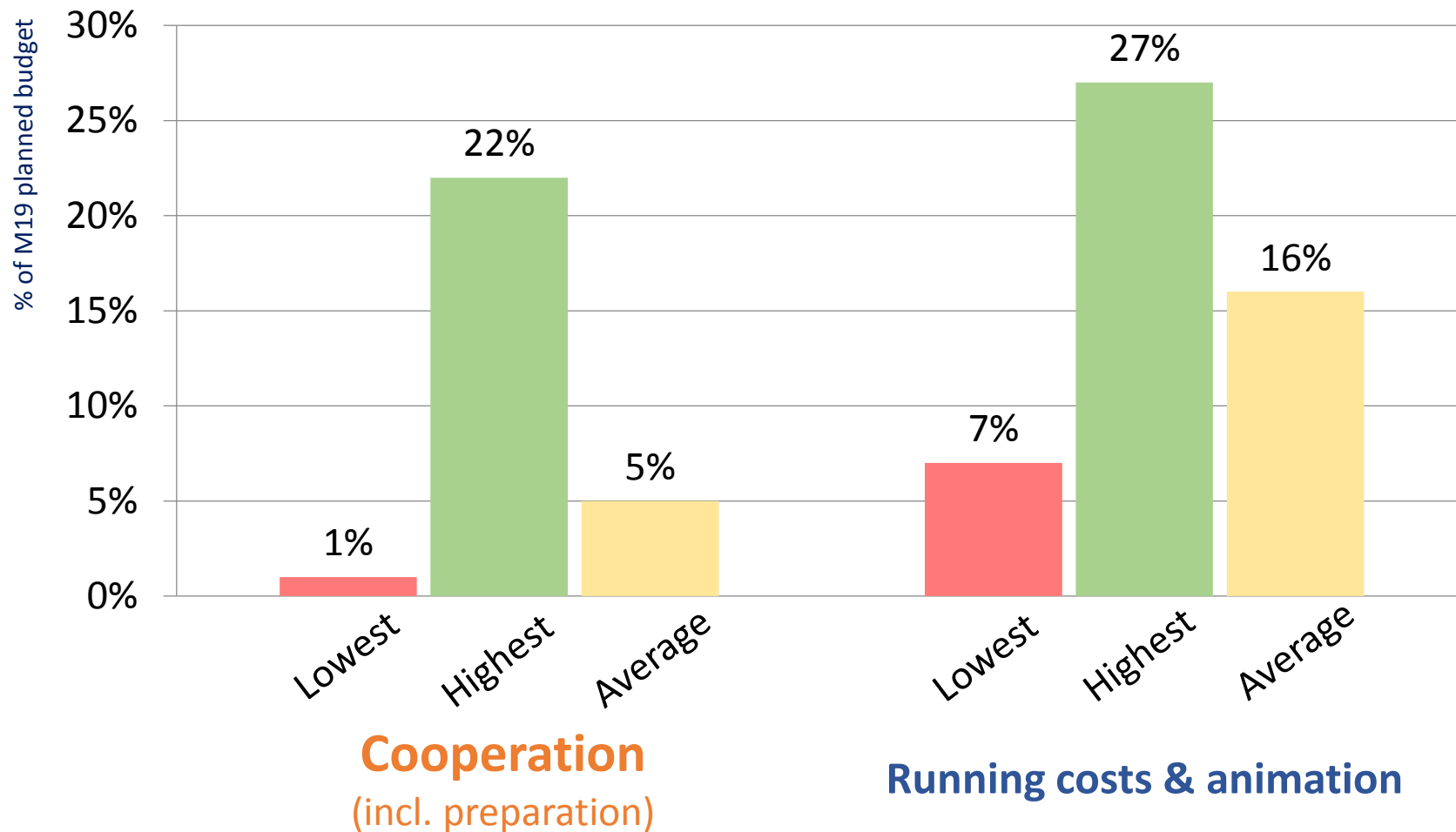
# 2014-2020 Indicative allocation of budget for LEADER - *Breakdown by sub-measure*

9.4 Billion EUR

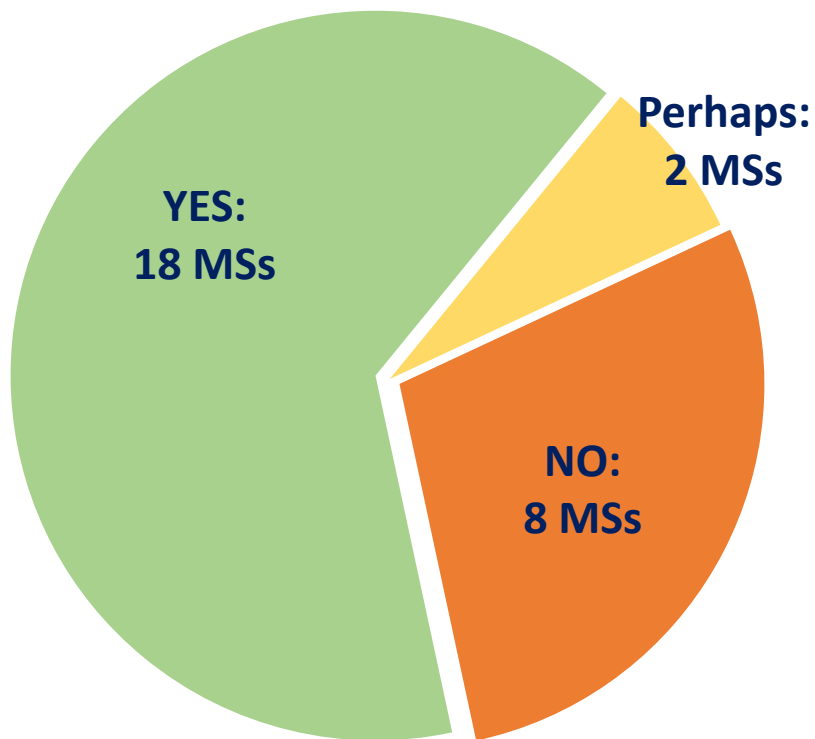
LEADER budget



## 2014-2020 Examples of differences in planned allocation for sub-measures

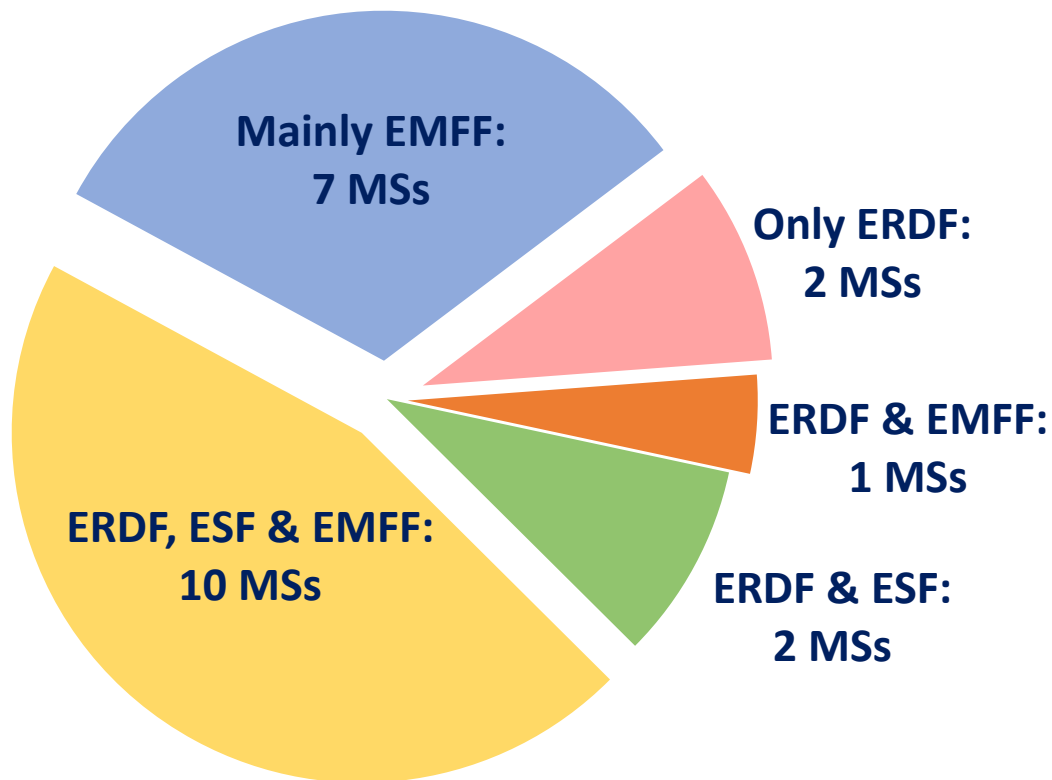


# MS planning to support multi-funded strategies



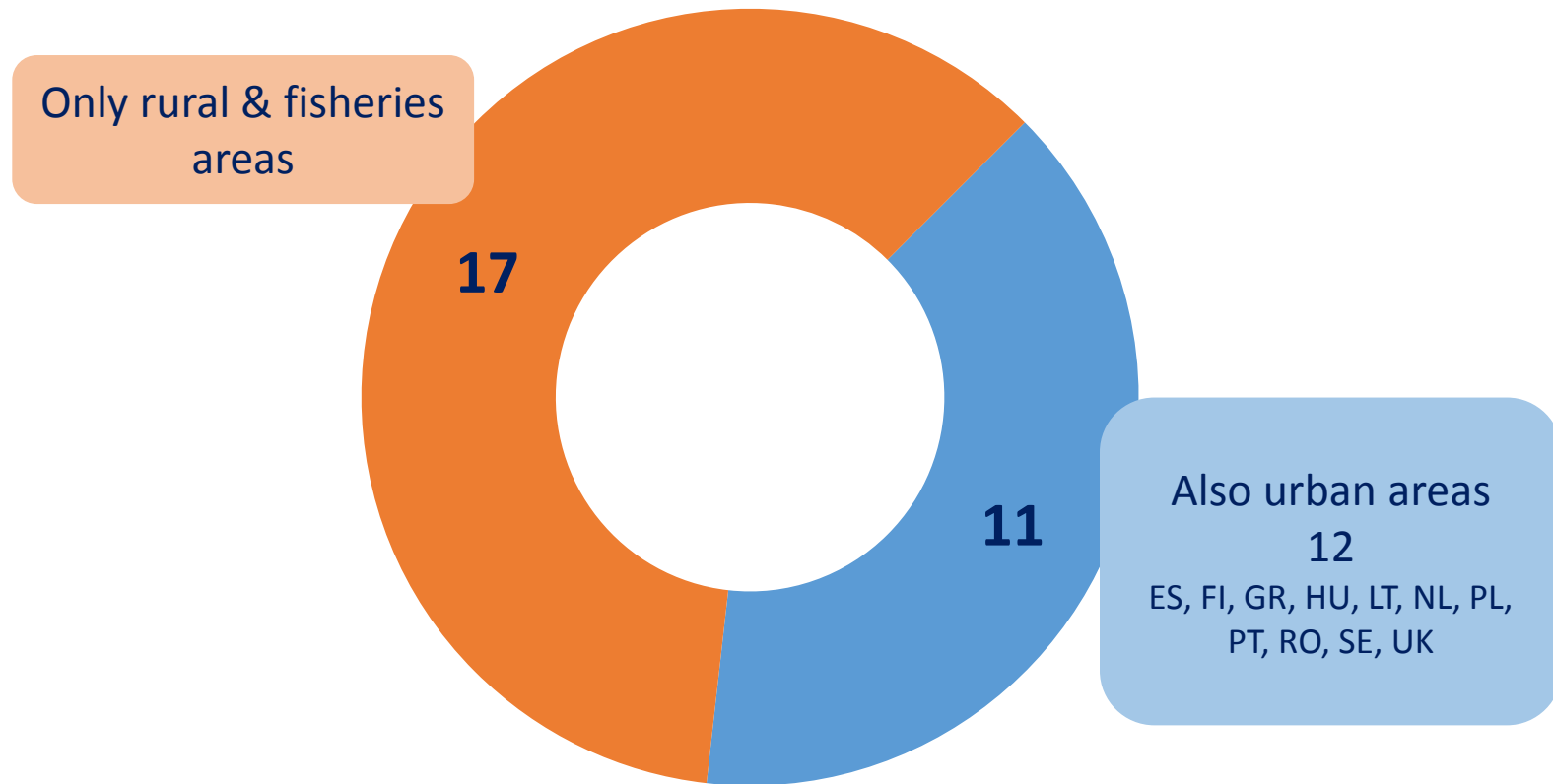
Category	MSs
NO	8 - BE, EE, HR, HU, IE, LU, MT and NL
YES	18 - AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, IT, LT, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK and UK
Perhaps	2 - CY, RO

# ESI Funds other than EAFRD involved in CLLD (multi-funded or single-funded LAGs)



Category	MSs
ERDF, ESF & EMFF	10 - BG, DE, ES, GR, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK
Mainly EMFF	7 - CY, DK, EE, FI, HR, IE, LV
Only ERDF	2 - AT, SK
ERDF & ESF	2 - CZ, HU
ERDF & EMFF	1 - SI

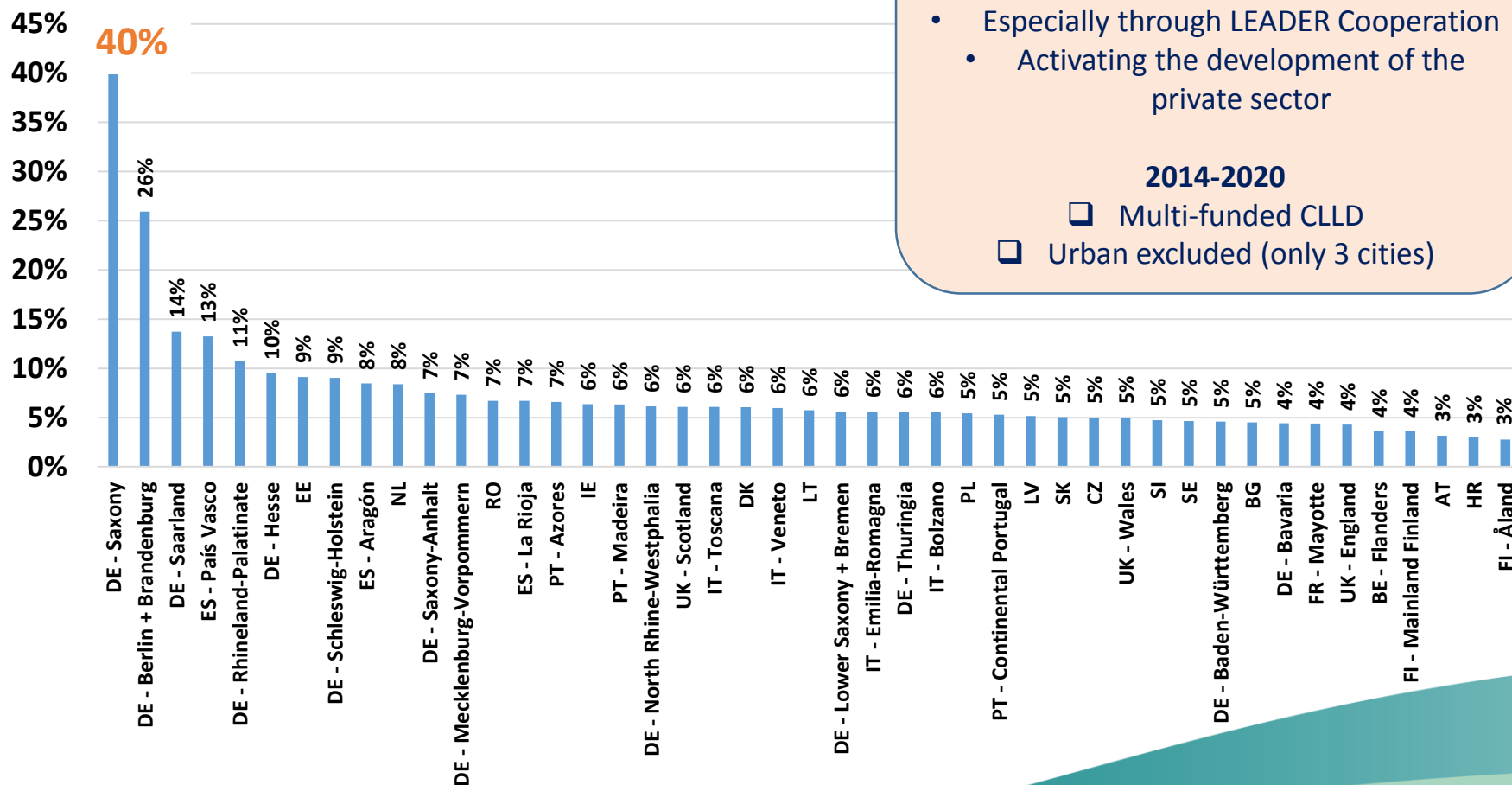
# Member States where CLLD is possible also in urban areas:



# M19 planned budget - % of total planned budget

(46 RDPs approved at 26.05.15)

Range: 40% - 3% of RDP planned budget






# ENRD CP Leader/CLLD survey

March-May 2015

## LAG skills

- In most MS the **skills of 'old' LAGs** will be to some extent **used in the new period**
- 4 MS expecting a significant proportion of 'new' LAGs:  
CZ, DE, FR, IT  
New people joining the LAGs: UK (Wales), IE
- With some exceptions, LAGs tend to have **strong skills** in:
  - **Strategy development**
  - **Budget management**Potential good practices: DE, EE, NL, SE, UK-England
- LAGs may **need capacity building** in particular in:
  - **Setting indicators and carrying out evaluation**
  - **Coordinating different funds**Potential good practices: LV, SE

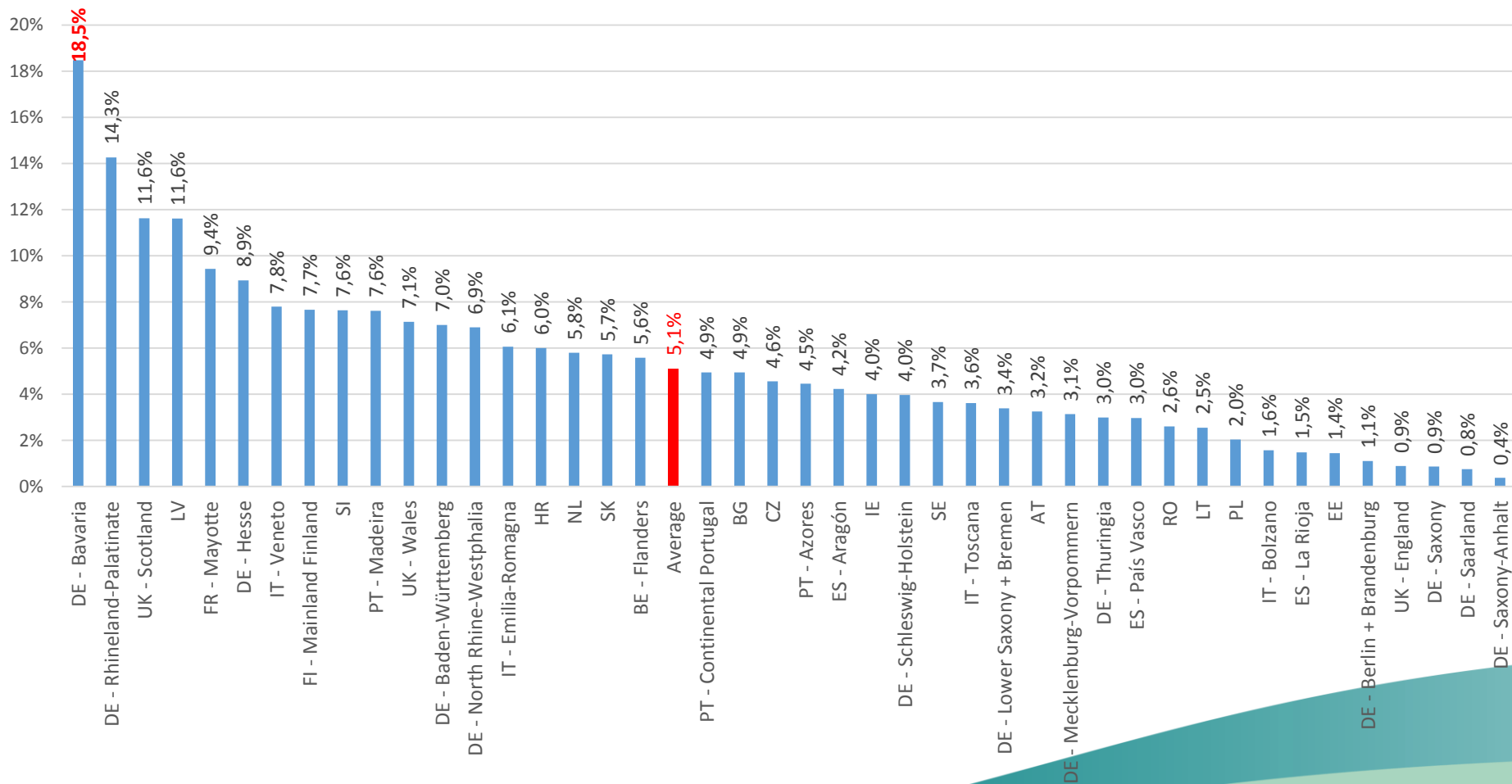
# LEADER Cooperation 2014-2020

- Some preliminary data
- Extracted info from the *Guidance for the implementation of the LEADER co-operation activities in rural development programmes 2014-2020*
- Highlighted: most relevant **new features** 

# M19.3 LEADER Cooperation planned budget

% on M19 total budget - (46 RDPs approved at the 26.05.15)

Range: 18.5% – 0.4%



## Programming:

Obligatory for the RDP, facultative for the LAG



## Eligibility:

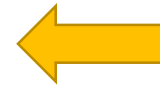
- Partner:
  - a) A group of **local public private partners** (*LAG or other*)
  - b) Implementing a LDS**
  - c) Within or outside the EU (rural)
  - d) Rural or Urban area
- The **beneficiary can be the LAG itself**
- **Lead-LAG:** not compulsory but suggested. Tasks: Monitoring, coordination communication
- **Common costs can be covered:** up to the MSs to establish flexible rules



## Cooperation Project:

Concrete activity with clear identified deliverables or output.  
Can include capacity building and transfer of knowledge

### 2 phases with ≠ 2 selection procedures :



1. Technical preparatory support
2. Implementation of cooperation projects

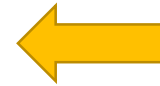
**2 ≠ types selection procedures:** a. Centralized – MA selection  
b. By the LAG

### 2 possible funding systems:

- i. Cooperation budget is (including co-financing) preserved by the authority, grant delivered after submission of application to the MA
- ii. Cooperation budget is allocated to the LAG within the frame of its LDS

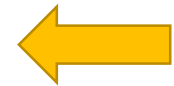
## Preparatory support:

- **Obligatory** for the RDP, suggested not to limit the eligible costs too much
- Condition: LAGs should demonstrate that they are **envisaging the implementation of a concrete project**
- Eligible also if the project does **not carry on**



## Project selection:

- **LAG** or system of **ongoing application** managed by the MA (min 3-4 calls per year)
- If centralized decision should be taken **within 4 months** from projects submission
- **Provisional approval** subject to the approval of the partners (reasonable time)
- Communication of the selection procedures
- Communication of the selected projects to the other MA and to the Commission



# Screening of the RDPs *(23/52 approved)*

## Selection of the Cooperation project:

- Majority of the RDP approved: LAG, (alternative: MA)

## Conditions:

- Project coherence with LDS
- Description of the Cooperation activities in the LDS
- Development of projects to increase the value added in the cooperating regions
- The project have a **sustainable effect**
- **Innovative** projects are expected

Case: DE-North-Rhine-Westphalia

*The cooperating rural areas should have similar problems. The development strategies ... similar thematic focus.*

Case: PL

*The development strategies should necessarily describe the objectives and the thematic focus of the cooperation activities.*

# Regulatory background

- Chapter II, [Regulation \(EU\) N° 1303/2013](#)
- Art. 42-44, [Regulation \(EU\) N° 1305/2013](#)
- [Guidance for the implementation of the LEADER co-operation activities in rural development programmes 2014-2020](#)



# Grazie !

## **ENRD Contact Point**

+32 2 801 38 00

[Info@enrd.eu](mailto:Info@enrd.eu)

Twitter: @enrd\_CP

Youtube: EURural

# Additional material:

## Results from the ENRD CP Leader/CLLD survey launched in March-May 2015

1. Examples of LAG capacity building already implemented or planned to be implemented in 2013-2020
2. Examples of MA/PA capacity building
3. Emerging possibilities of exchange („match-making“)
4. Themes of potential joint interest

# 1. Examples of LAG capacity building

Training Seminars		other tools	
<b>Innovation</b>	2 BE-Wallonia RO	<b>Coaching</b> , peer learning, communities of practice, new LAGs learning from old ones	5 BE-Flabbers BE-Wallonia CZ, DE, NL
<b>Communication</b> , including social media	3 BE-Wallonia DE, NL	<b>Helplines</b> , on-line FAQs, expert support by telephone	1 SE
<b>Financial instruments</b> (micro-credit, crowdfunding)	1 DE	<b>Support material on website</b> , with examples of forms, docs	2 EE SE
<b>Public procurement</b> , including e-procurement	3 EE, LT, RO	<b>Feedback on draft strategies</b>	1 FI
<b>Monitoring and evaluation</b> , self-evaluation	5 BE-Flanders DE, NL, PT, UK-Wales	<b>Newsletter</b>	1 SE
<b>Audit</b> , document management etc.	2 LT UK-England	<b>Guidance</b> for applicants to be customised at LAG level	1 UK-England
<b>Quality assurance</b>	1 FI		

## 2. Examples of MA/PA capacity building

### Training Seminars

Cooperation and regular exchange with NRN	3 DE, SE, UK-England
Meetings between MA, PA and LAGs facilitated by the NRN	1 EE
Periodic meetings (3-4 times a year in PL) or video-conferences	2 PL, FI
Training of MA/PA staff as trainers or facilitators for LAGs	3 PT, UK-England
Training for new Mas - Regional (FR) - Other CLLD Funds (IT)	2 FR, IT
FAQs and interpretation documents	2 FR, PL

- **Suggested:** Field trips, study visits, training on simplification and supporting TNC, Internships in LAGs

### 3. Emerging possibilities of exchange („match-making“)

Theme LEADER related	Experience needed by	Experience available in
Involving farmers	BE-Flanders BE-Wallonia PT	RO EE (successfully involving different actors)
Animation skills	EL	IT (evaluating animation capacity)
Social media	ES	NL DE
Multi-funding	EE	PL SE IT and LV (MA training) CZ (mentoring)

## 4. Themes of potential joint interest

Theme	MS potentially interested to explore
Social innovation, social enterprise, inclusion...	ES, HU, LT...
Integration of migrants	DE, SE...
Urban-rural linkages	BE (FL), HU, NL...
Innovative approaches: action planning, U-theory	NL, UK, FR...
Working with young people	LT, LV, NL...
Improving delivery: sharing of responsibilities between MA, PA, NRN, LAG; simplified cost options etc.	BE (FL), DE, FR, IT...
Supporting and approving TNC projects	BE (FL), DE, EE, IT...